## **English**

## **Hakan Teacher**

# YÖKDİL FEN – EN Önemli 50 Kelime ve İngilizce Cümleler Part 2

- Radiation Radyasyon
- Absorb Emmek
- Release Salmak, yaymak
- Expand Genişlemek
- Contract Büzülmek
- Friction Sürtünme
- Resistance Direnç
- Insulation Yalıtım
- Conduction Isı iletimi
- Reflection Yansıma
- Refraction Kırılma
- Spectrum Spektrum
- Magnet Mıknatıs
- Polarity Kutupluluk
- Voltage Voltaj
- Transformer –
   Dönüştürücü
- Generator Jeneratör

- Turbine Türbin
- Fuel Yakıt
- Combustion Yanma
- Emission Emisyon, salınım
- Pollution Kirlilik
- Greenhouse effect Sera etkisi
- Climate İklim
- Atmosphere Atmosfer
- Layer Katman
- Altitude Yükseklik
- Gravity Yerçekimi
- Orbit Yörünge
- Satellite Uydu
- Galaxy Galaksi
- Universe Evren
- Telescope Teleskop
- Observe Gözlemlemek

- Predict Tahmin etmek
- Calculation Hesaplama
- Equation Denklem
- Formula Formül
- Theorem Teorem
- Principle İlke
- Innovation Yenilik
- Invention İcat
- Discovery Keşif
- Experimentation Deneysel çalışma
- Replication Tekrarlama
- Accuracy Doğruluk
- Precision Hassasiyet
- Measurement Ölçüm
- Calibration Kalibrasyon
- Parameter Parametre



## Hakan Teacher

#### ÖRNEK CÜMLELER

## Expand

Metals expand when heated. The company plans to expand its research team.

#### Insulation

Good insulation keeps houses warm in winter. The wires are covered with plastic for insulation.

#### Conduction

Metal is a good conductor of heat. Heat conduction occurs faster in solids.

## • Polarity

Water molecules have polarity. The magnet has north and south polarity.

## • Generator

The generator provides power during blackouts. They used a generator at the construction site.

#### Pollution

Air pollution is a serious problem in big cities. Water pollution affects marine life.

## • Layer

The ozone layer absorbs UV rays. There's a thick layer of dust on the surface.

#### • Altitude

At high altitudes, breathing becomes harder. The plane reached an altitude of 10,000 meters.

## • Universe

The universe is constantly expanding. Scientists study the origin of the universe.

## • Telescope

He observed the stars using a telescope. The telescope magnifies distant objects in space.

## • Calculation

She checked the calculation twice. Accurate calculation is important in experiments.



## **English**

## **Hakan Teacher**

## Innovation

Innovation drives scientific progress.

The new invention was a great innovation.

## Invention

The telephone was a great invention. He received a patent for his invention.

## Discovery

The discovery of penicillin changed medicine. Her discovery was based on years of research.

## • Experimentation

Experimentation is key in scientific research. The lab encourages free experimentation.

## • Replication

Replication confirms the results of a study. Scientific results must allow replication.

## • Accuracy

Accuracy is important in measurements. The tool improves the accuracy of data.

## • Precision

The machine cuts with high precision. Scientific instruments require great precision.

#### • Measurement

Accurate measurement is essential in physics. We recorded the measurement of temperature.

#### • Calibration

The scale needs calibration before use. Regular calibration ensures accurate readings.

#### • Parameter

We changed one parameter in the experiment. Temperature is a key parameter in this study.



## **Hakan Teacher**

# 1. Eşleştirme Etkinliği

- 1. Friction
- 2. Turbine
- 3. Resistance
- 4. Voltage
- 5. Emission

- A. direnç
- B. sürtünme
- C. türbin
  - D. voltaj
  - E. salınım

# 2. Doğru / Yanlış Etkinliği

| 1. | Friction helps reduce heat between two surfaces. ()          |
|----|--|
| 2. | A generator is used to cool down laboratory samples. ()      |
| 3. | Voltage is a measure of electrical potential. ()             |
| 4. | A telescope is used to observe distant stars and planets. () |
| 5. | The greenhouse effect reduces Earth's temperature. ( )       |

# 3. Cümle Tamamlama Etkinliği

(*Kelime Kutusu: orbit – telescope – calculation – climate – pollution*)

| l. | The scientist used a powerful      | to study the moon.     |
|----|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 2. | Accurate is essential in           | n physics experiments. |
| 3. | Factories contribute to air        | in big cities.         |
| 1. | The satellite was placed into      | around the Earth.      |
| 5. | Global warming is caused by change | es in the              |



## Hakan Teacher

#### **CEVAP ANAHTARI**

# 1. Eşleştirme Etkinliği – Cevap Anahtarı

- 1. Friction  $-\mathbf{B}$
- 2. Turbine  $-\mathbf{C}$
- 3. Resistance A
- 4. Voltage  $-\mathbf{D}$
- 5. Emission  $\mathbf{E}$

# 2. Doğru / Yanlış - Cevap Anahtarı

- 1. Friction helps reduce heat between two surfaces. **False** (Doğrusu: Friction *causes* heat, it doesn't reduce it.)
- 2. A generator is used to cool down laboratory samples. **False** (Generator produces electricity, not for cooling.)
- 3. Voltage is a measure of electrical potential. **True**
- 4. A telescope is used to observe distant stars and planets. **True**
- 5. The greenhouse effect reduces Earth's temperature. **False** (Doğrusu: It increases the Earth's temperature.)

## 3. Cümle Tamamlama – Cevap Anahtarı

- 1. The scientist used a powerful **telescope** to study the moon.
- 2. Accurate **calculation** is essential in physics experiments.
- 3. Factories contribute to air **pollution** in big cities.
- 4. The satellite was placed into **orbit** around the Earth.
- 5. Global warming is caused by changes in the **climate**

