**Ellipsis ve Substitution**

**ELLIPSIS (Eksiltme)**

**Ellipsis**, cümlede tekrar eden kelime veya kelime gruplarını **atmak** ama anlamı korumaktır.  
Türkçede “tekrarı düşürmek” gibi düşünebilirsin.

**Örnek:**

* A: Are you coming to the party?
* B: Yes, I **am**. *(Burada “coming to the party” tekrar edilmedi, “am” ile yetindik.)*

**A) Türleri**

1. **Auxiliary Verb Ellipsis** (Yardımcı Fiil Eksiltmesi)
   * She can play the guitar and he **can**, too.  
     *(He can play the guitar → play the guitar kısmı atıldı.)*
2. **To-infinitive Ellipsis**
   * I want to go, but I don’t want **to**.  
     *(go tekrar edilmedi.)*
3. **Verb Ellipsis** (Main Verb Ellipsis)
   * A: Who finished the project?  
     B: John **did**. *(did = finished the project)*
4. **Nominal Ellipsis**
   * I prefer the red shirt, not the blue **one**. *(one = shirt)*
5. **Clausal Ellipsis**
   * A: Why didn’t you come?  
     B: Because I was sick. *(Tam cümle “Because I was sick” olsa da bazı öğeler atılabilir.)*

**SUBSTITUTION (Yerine Koyma)**

📌 **Substitution**, tekrar yerine **başka bir kelime** koymaktır.  
Ellipsis’te tamamen atma varken, substitution’da yerine kısa bir kelime gelir.

**Örnek:**

* A: Do you like ice cream?
* B: Yes, I **do**. *(do = like ice cream)*

**A) Türleri**

1. **Verb Substitution – do / does / did**
   * She works harder than I **do**.  
     *(do = work harder)*
2. **Noun Substitution – one / ones**
   * I lost my pen. Can I borrow **one**? *(one = pen)*
   * I like those shoes. The red **ones** are my favourite. *(ones = shoes)*
3. **Clause Substitution – so / not**
   * A: Are they coming to the meeting?  
     B: I think **so**. *(so = they are coming)*
   * A: Will she pass the exam?  
     B: I hope **not**. *(not = she won’t pass)*

**Ellipsis vs Substitution Farkı**

* **Ellipsis** → Tekrarı tamamen atar.  
  *She plays the piano, and he \_\_ , too.* (he plays the piano → atıldı)
* **Substitution** → Tekrar yerine kısa bir kelime koyar.  
  *She plays the piano, and he* ***does****, too.* (does yerine tüm eylem)

**Akademik ve Sınavlarda Önemi**

* **YDS/YÖKDİL Reading** → Paragraf sorularında cümleler arası bağı anlamak için kritik.
* **Speaking/Writing** → Tekrarı önleyerek dili doğal yapar.

**Mini Test**

**Ellipsis / Substitution türlerini uygun şekilde tamamla.**

1. She can speak French, and he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, too. (Substitution – modal)
2. I don’t like the green shirt. I prefer the blue \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Noun Substitution)
3. A: Are you going to the meeting?  
   B: Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Substitution – do)
4. I wanted to go to the concert, but I couldn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Ellipsis – to-infinitive)
5. A: Did you finish the report?  
   B: No, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Substitution – did)
6. The first question was easy, but the second \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ very difficult. (Ellipsis – be)
7. A: Will they join us for dinner?  
   B: I hope \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Clause Substitution – so)
8. I read the article and my friend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, too. (Ellipsis – verb)
9. A: Did she pass the driving test?  
   B: I think \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Clause Substitution – so)
10. We’ll be at the party, and they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, too. (Substitution – be)

**Cevap Anahtarı**

1. can
2. one
3. am
4. go
5. didn’t
6. was
7. so
8. did
9. so
10. will be

***Bir sonraki konumuzda görüşmek üzere… Rise English Eğitim Hayatında başarılar diler.***